CLAIMS

- 1. A method for converting aromatic compounds, which comprises contacting at least one aromatic compound with a zeolite-containing catalyst, and in which the zeolite is characterized in that;
- (1) the minimum value of the pore aperture diameter of the major channels therein is larger than 0.65 nanometers, or the maximum value thereof is larger than 0.70 nanometers, and
- (2) the major channels do not intersect any others with larger apertures than oxygen 10-membered ring; and the aromatic compounds are at least one selected from;
- (a) aromatic compounds having at least three substituents,
- (b) aromatic compounds having two substituents of which at least one is a halogen or has at least 2 carbon atoms, and
- (c) naphthalene or anthracene derivatives having substituent(s).
- 2. The method for conventing aromatic compounds as claimedinclaim1, wherein the minimum value of the pore aperture diameter of the major channels in the zeolite is not smaller than 0.7 nanometers.
- 3. The method for converting aromatic compounds as claimed in claim 1 or 2, wherein the pore aperture size of the major channels in the zeolite is larger than oxygen 12-membered ring.

- 4. The method for converting aromatic compounds as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 3, wherein the catalyst is contacted with a substituted aromatic compound in which at least one substituent is a halogen.
- 5. The method for converting aromatic compounds as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 4, wherein the catalyst is contacted with an aromatic compound having at least three substituent.

Shar